

FAA In-flight Aircraft Icing Plan

FAA In-flight Icing / Ground Deicing
International Conference
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FAA Post-Roselawn In-flight Icing Actions

- Phase I: Focused on the ART-42/72
- Phase II: Roll upset screening of other similar airplanes
- Phase III: Long-term icing safety improvements

Phase III - Long-term In-flight Icing Safety Improvements

- May 1996 In-flight Icing Conference:
 - » Attended by more than 400 scientists, engineers, and pilots from 19 countries
 - » More than 200 recommendations received for changes to increase the level of inflight icing safety.
- Emphasis placed on SLD and other icing conditions outside of 14 CFR part 25 Appendix C icing conditions.



FAA In-flight Aircraft Icing Plan Development

- The FAA Icing Steering Committee, with advisors from from NASA, NCAR, the French DGAC, and MSC, was charted to consider each conference recommendation and consensus item in the development of a consolidated plan that identified responsible organizations, resources, and task schedules:
- The FAA Icing Plan was published April 1997.

FAA Icing Plan Focus Areas

- Operations.
- In-flight icing meteorology and remote ice conditions detection.
- Certification and guidance material.
- Icing simulation methods.
- Ice accretion aerodynamic effects.
- SLD characterization and assessment of mixed-phase icing conditions.
- Icing plan administration.

perations - Improve Training and Operational Icing Regulations and Guidance Material

- Issue policy that flightcrew training programs address operations in freezing rain, freezing drizzle, and other icing conditions. Ensure that dispatchers provide pertinent weather information to flight crews.
- Standardize icing terminology used in communications, regulations, handbooks, the Aeronautical Information Manual, etc.
- Encourage development of better inflight icing training aids by manufacturers, operators, and other aviation groups.



Remote Icing Conditions Detection

- Improve the quality and dissemination of inflight icing conditions
 - » Continued support of improved diagnosis and forecast of icing conditions using multisensors.
 - » Improved graphic displays of icing information.
- Accelerate development of ground based and airborne technologies for remotely assessing icing conditions



Certification and Guidance Material 1/3

- Ensure that future certifications include assessments of roll control force anomalies in SLD icing conditions.
- Issue interim procedures and NPRMs for airplanes receiving new, amended, or supplemental type certificates with unpowered ailerons and pneumatic deicing boots.



Certification and Guidance Material 2/3

- Request the Aviation Rulemaking Advisory
 Committee (ARAC) to develop certification
 criteria for safe operations in SLD and mixed phase icing conditions.
- Supplement the current Appendix C icing conditions for safe SLD operation (aloft and near the ground) and in mixed-phase icing conditions.
- Consider mandatory installation of equipment to alert flightcrews of ice accumulation on critical surfaces.



Certification and Guidance Material 3/3

- Harmonize JAR/14 CFR §§ 23.1419, 25.1419, 25.929, and 25.1093.
- Complete the ARAC Flight Test
 Harmonization Working Group proposed rulemaking concerning safe flight in Appendix C icing conditions.
- Review, revise, and develop, as necessary, guidance information compliance with inflight icing airworthiness requirements.



Icing Simulation Methods

- Develop validation criteria for simulation methods used to determine ice shapes, including icing tunnels, ice accretion computer codes, and icing tankers.
- Research organizations, industry, and regulatory authorities will cooperate to develop acceptable instrumentation and data processing methods, aerodynamic data, appropriate procedures and limitations for icing simulation methods.



Ice Accretion Aerodynamic Effects

 Support the development of guidance material on ice accretion shapes and roughness, and their effects on airplane handling qualities and performance.

of Mixed-phase Icing Conditions

- Support characterization of freezing drizzle, freezing rain, and the safety assessment of mixed-phase icing conditions.
- Support research relative to the physics of freezing drizzle aloft and at ground level.
- Support characterization of SLD icing conditions for operations, simulation, and certification purposes.



Icing Plan Administration

- The FAA Icing Steering Committee is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Icing Plan. The Steering Committee consists of representatives from:
 - » Flight Standards Services
 - » Aircraft Certification Services
 - » FAA Technical Center
 - » Air Traffic Control
- Provisions were made for biannual review and Plan revisions.



FAA Icing Plan Results and Status

- Most of the FAA Icing Plan has been accomplished or is "in-work."
- Presenting the results and status of the lcing Plan to the public is an objective of this Conference.
- These results and status are integrated into many of the technical sessions presentations. An one hour review of the Icing Plan results and status will be presented in Parlor F at 10:30 on Thursday, 19 June.
- Questions may be presented during the technical sessions panel discussions or during the Friday closing plenary session.